

EXTRAORDINARY

PART II—Section 1

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MINISTRY OF LAW

(Legislative Department)

New Delhi, the 7th September, 1959/Bhadra 16, 1881 (Saka)

The following Act of Parliament received the assent of the President on the 5th September, 1959, and is hereby published for general information:—

THE BANKING COMPANIES (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1959

No. 33 of 1959

[5th September, 1959.]

An Act further to amend the Banking Companies Act, 1949.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Tenth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Banking Companies (Amendment) Act, 1959.

Short title. and commencement.

- (2) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.
- 2. In section 5 of the Banking Companies Act, 1949 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), in sub-section (1),—

Amendment of section 5.

- (i) after clause (c), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—
 - '(cc) "branch" or "branch office", in relation to a banking company, means any branch or branch office, whether called a pay office or sub-pay office or by any other name, at

which deposits are received, cheques cashed or moneys lent, and for the purposes of section 35 includes any place of business where any other form of business referred to in subsection (1) of section 6 is transacted;;

- (ii) for clause (d), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—
 - '(d) "company" means any company as defined in section 3 of the Companies Act, 1956; and includes a foreign com- 1 of 1956. pany within the meaning of section 591 of that Act;';
- (iii) for clause (h), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—
 - '(h) "managing director", in relation to a banking company, means a director who, by virtue of an agreement with the banking company or of a resolution passed by the banking company in general meeting or by its Board of directors or, by virtue of its memorandum or articles of association, is entrusted with the management of the whole, or substantially the whole of the affairs of the company, and includes a director occupying the position of a managing director, by whatever name called;';
 - (iv) clauses (i), (k) and (m) shall be omitted;
- (v) after clause (n), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—
 - "(o) all other words and expressions used herein but not defined and defined in the Companies Act, 1956, shall I of 1956. have the meanings respectively assigned to them in that Act.".

Insertion of new section 5A.

Act to override memorandum, articles, etc.

- 3. In PART I of the principal Act, after section 5, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—
 - "5A. Save as otherwise expressly provided in this Act,—
 - (a) the provisions of this Act shall have effect notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the memorandum or articles of a banking company, or in any agreement executed by it, or in any resolution passed by the banking company in general meeting or by its Board of directors, whether the same be registered, executed or passed, as the case may be, before or after the commencement of the Banking Companies (Amendment) Act, 1959; and
 - (b) any provision contained in the memorandum, articles, agreement or resolution aforesaid shall, to the extent to which it is repugnant to the provisions of this Act, become or be void, as the case may be.".

- 4. In section 6 of the principal Act, in clause (b) of sub-section Amerdment (1), for the words "managing agent", the words "managing agent or of section 6. secretary and treasurer" shall be substituted.
- 5. In section 7 of the principal Act, for the proviso, the following Amendment proviso shall be substituted, namely:—

"Provided that nothing in this section shall apply to—

- (a) a subsidiary of a banking company formed for one or more of the purposes mentioned in sub-section (1) of section 19 whose name indicates that it is a subsidiary of that banking company;
- (b) any association of banks formed for the protection of their mutual interests and registered under section 25 of the Companies Act, 1956.".
- 6. In section 10 of the principal Act,—

Amendment of section 10.

- (a) in sub-section (1),—
- (i) in clause (b), for the proviso to sub-clause (ii), the following proviso shall be substituted, namely:---

"Provided that nothing contained in this sub-clause shall apply to the payment by a banking company of-

- (a) any bonus in pursuance of a settlement or award arrived at or made under any law relating to industrial disputes or in accordance with any scheme framed by such banking company or in accordance with the usual practice prevailing in banking business:
- (b) any commission to any broker (including guarantee broker), cashier-contractor, clearing and forwarding agent, auctioneer or any other person, employed by the banking company under a contract otherwise than as a regular member of the staff of the company; or";
- (ii) in clause (c), for sub-clause (i), the following subclause shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "(i) who is a director of any other company not being-
 - (a) a subsidiary of the banking company, or
 - (b) a company registered under section 25 of the Companies Act, 1956:

Provided that the prohibition in this sub-clause shall not apply in respect of any such director for a temporary

I of 1956.

1 of 1956.

period not exceeding three months or such further period not exceeding nine months as the Reserve Bank may allow; or";

- (b) for sub-section (3), the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "(3) Where a person holding the office of a chairman or director or manager or chief executive officer (by whatever name called) of a banking company is, or has been found by any tribunal or other authority (other than a criminal court) to have contravened the provision of any law and the Reserve Bank is satisfied that the contravention is of such a nature that the association of such person with the banking company is or will be detrimental to the interests of the banking company or its depositors or otherwise undesirable, the Reserve Bank may make an order that that person shall cease to hold the office with effect from such date as may be specified therein and thereupon, that office shall, with effect from the said date, become vacant.
 - (4) Any order made under sub-section (3) in respect of any person may also provide that he shall not, without the previous permission of the Reserve Bank in writing, in any way, directly or indirectly, be concerned with, or take part in the management of, the banking company or any other banking company for such period not exceeding five years as may be specified in the order.
 - (5) No order under sub-section (3) shall be made in respect of any person unless he has been given an opportunity of making a representation to the Reserve Bank against the proposed order:

Provided that it shall not be necessary to give any such opportunity if, in the opinion of the Reserve Bank, any delay would be detrimental to the interests of the banking company or its depositors.

- (6) Any decision or order of the Reserve Bank made under this section shall be final for all purposes.".
- 7. In section 11 of the principal Act,—
 - (i) in sub-section (1), for the words "unless it has paid-up capital and reserves of such aggregate value as is hereinafter required by this section", the words "unless it complies with such of the requirements of this section as are applicable to it" shall be substituted:

Amendment of section II.

- (ii) for sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "(2) In the case of a banking company incorporated outside India-
 - (a) the aggregate value of its paid-up capital and reserves shall not be less than fifteen lakhs of rupees and if it has a place or places of business in the city of Bombay or Calcutta or both, twenty lakhs of rupees; and
 - (b) the banking company shall deposit and keep deposited with the Reserve Bank either in cash or in the form of unencumbered approved securities or partly in cash and partly in the form of such securities an amount which shall not be less than the minimum required by clause (a):

Provided that any such banking company may at any time replace--

- (i) any securities so deposited by cash or by any other unencumbered approved securities or partly by cash and partly by other such securities, so however. that the total amount deposited is not affected;
- (ii) any cash so deposited by unencumbered approved securities of an equal value.";
- (iii) in sub-section (4), the words "the proviso to" shall be omitted:
- (iv) for sub-section (5), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely: ---
 - '(5) For the purposes of this section,—
 - (a) "place of business" means any office, sub-office, sub-pay office and any place of business at which deposits are received, cheques cashed or moneys lent;
 - (b) "value" means the real or exchangeable value, and not the nominal value which may be shown in the books of the banking company concerned.'.
- 8. In section 12 of the principal Act, in sub-section (2), after the Amendment words "exercise voting rights"; the words "on poll" shall be inserted. of section 12.
- 9. After section 14 of the principal Act, the following section shall Insertion of be inserted, namely:-
 - "14A. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 6, Prohibition of floating no banking company shall create a floating charge on the under- charge on taking or any property of the company or any part thereof, unless assets.

new section

the creation of such floating charge is certified in writing by the Reserve Bank as not being detrimental to the interests of the depositors of such company.

- (2) Any such charge created without obtaining the certificate of the Reserve Bank shall be invalid.
- (3) Any banking company aggrieved by the refusal of a certificate under sub-section (1) may, within ninety days from the date on which such refusal is communicated to it, appeal to the Central Government.
- (4) The decision of the Central Government where an appeal has been preferred to it under sub-section (3) or of the Reserve Bank where no such appeal has been preferred shall be final.".

10. Section 15 of the principal Act shall be re-numbered as sub-Amendment of rection 15. section (1) thereof, and after sub-section (1) as so re-numbered, the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:--

- "(2) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in sub-section (1) or in the Companies Act, 1956, a banking com- 1 of 1956. pany may pay dividends on its shares without writing off-
 - (i) the depreciation, if any, in the value of its investments in approved securities in any case where such depreciation has not actually been capitalised or otherwise accounted for as a loss;
 - (ii) the depreciation, if any, in the value of its investments in shares, debentures or bonds (other than approved securities) in any case where adequate provision for such depreciation has been made to the satisfaction of the auditor of the banking company;
 - (iii) the bad debts, if any, in any case where adequate provision for such debts has been made to the satisfaction of the auditor of the banking company.".

Substitution 11. For sections 17 and 18 of the principal Act, the following sections shall be substituted, namely:—

- of new sections for sections 17 and 18. Reserve Fund.
- '17. (1) Every banking company incorporated in India shall create a reserve fund and unless the amount in such fund together with the amount in the share premium account is not less than its paid-up capital, shall, out of the balance of profit of each year as disclosed in the profit and loss account prepared under section 29 and before any dividend is declared, transfer to the reserve fund a sum equivalent to not less than twenty per cent. of such profit.

(2) Where a banking company appropriates any sum or sums from the reserve fund or the share premium account, it shall, within twenty-one days from the date of such appropriation, report the fact to the Reserve Bank, explaining the circumstances relating to such appropriation:

Provided that the Reserve Bank may, in any particular case, extend the said period of twenty-one days by such period as it thinks fit or condone any delay in the making of such report.

18. Every banking company, not being a scheduled bank, Cash reserve, shall maintain in India, by way of cash reserve with itself or in current account opened with the Reserve Bank or the State Bank of India or any other bank notified by the Central Government in this behalf or partly in cash with itself and partly in such account or accounts, a sum equivalent to at least two per cent. of its time liabilities in India and five per cent. of its demand liabilities in India, and shall submit to the Reserve Bank before the fifteenth day of every month a return showing the amount so held on Friday of each week of the preceding month with particulars of its time and demand liabilities in India on each such Friday, or, if any such Friday is a public holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, at the close of business on the preceding working day.

26 of 1881.

Explanation.—In this section and in section 24, "liabilities in India" shall not include—

- (a) the paid-up capital or the reserves or any credit balance in the profit and loss account of the banking company;
- (b) any advance taken from the Reserve Bank or from the State Bank of India or from the Refinance Corporation for Industry (Private) Limited, or from any bank notified by the Central Government under clause (c) of the Explanation to sub-section (1) of section 42 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.'.

2 of 1934.

- 12. In section 19 of the principal Act, in sub-section (1), after the Amendment words "Reserve Bank,", the words "the carrying on of the business of of section 19. banking exclusively outside India, or" shall be inserted.
 - 13. In section 22 of the principal Act,—

Amendment of Section 22.

- (i) for sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "(1) Save as hereinafter provided, no company shall carry on banking business in India unless it holds a licence

issued in that behalf by the Reserve Bank and any such licence may be issued subject to such conditions as the Reserve Bank may think fit to impose.";

- (ii) in sub-section (2), in the first proviso, for the words, brackets and figure "sub-section (2)", the words "this section" shall be substituted;
- (iii) in sub-section (3), for clauses (a) and (b), the following clauses shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "(a) that the company is or will be in a position to pay its present or future depositors in full as their claims accrue;
 - (b) that the affairs of the company are not being, or are not likely to be conducted in a manner detrimental to the interests of its present or future depositors;";
- (iv) for sub-sections (4) and (5), the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "(4) The Reserve Bank may cancel a licence granted to a banking company under this section—
 - (i) if the company ceases to carry on banking business in India; or
 - (ii) if the company at any time fails to comply with any of the conditions imposed upon it under sub-section (I); or
 - (iii) if at any time, any of the conditions referred to in sub-section (3) is not fulfilled:

Provided that before cancelling a licence under clause (ii) or clause (iii) of this sub-section on the ground that the banking company has failed to comply with or has failed to fulfil any of the conditions referred to therein, the Reserve Bank, unless it is of opinion that the delay will be prejudicial to the interests of the company's depositors or the public, shall grant to the company on such terms as it may specify, an opportunity of taking the necessary steps for complying with or fulfilling such condition.

- (5) Any banking company aggrieved by the decision of the Reserve Bank cancelling a licence under this section may, within thirty days from the date on which such decision is communicated to it, appeal to the Central Government.
- (6) The decision of the Central Government where an appeal has been preferred to it under sub-section (5) or of

the Reserve Bank where no such appeal has been preferred shall be final.".

14. For section 23 of the principal Act, the following section shall Substitution be substituted, namely:-

tion section 23.

'23. (1) Without obtaining the prior permission of the Restrictions Reserve Bank-

on opening of new, and transfer of

- (a) no banking company shall open a new place of busi-existing, ness in India or change otherwise than within the same city, business. town or village, the location of an existing place of business situated in India; and
- (b) no banking company incorporated in India shall open a new place of business outside India or change, otherwise than within the same city, town or village in any country or area outside India, the location of an existing place of business situated in that country or area:

Provided that nothing in this sub-section shall apply to the opening for a period not exceeding one month of a temporary place of business within a city, town or village or the environs thereof within which the banking company already has a place of business, for the purpose of affording banking facilities to the public on the occasion of an exhibition, a conference or a mela or any other like occasion.

- (2) Before granting any permission under this section, the Reserve Bank may require to be satisfied by an inspection under section 35 or otherwise as to the financial condition and history of the company, the general character of its management, the adequacy of its capital structure and earning prospects and that public interest will be served by the opening or, as the case may be, change of location, of the place of business.
- (3) The Reserve Bank may grant permission under subsection (1) subject to such conditions as it may think fit to impose either generally or with reference to any particular case.
- (4) Where, in the opinion of the Reserve Bank, a banking company has, at any time, failed to comply with any of the conditions imposed on it under this section, the Reserve Bank may, by order in writing and after affording reasonable opportunity to the banking company for showing cause against the action proposed to be taken against it, revoke any permission granted under this section.

(5) For the purposes of this section "place of business" includes any sub-office, pay office, sub-pay office and any place of business at which deposits are received, cheques cashed or moneys lent.'.

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Amendment of section 24.

- 15. In section 24 of the principal Act,—
 - (i) in sub-section (1),—
 - (a) after the words "shall maintain", the words "in India" shall be inserted;
 - (b) for the Explanation, the following Explanation shall be substituted, namely:—

'Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, "unencumbered approved securities" of a banking company shall include its approved securities lodged with another institution for an advance or any other credit arrangement to the extent to which such securities have not been drawn against or availed of.';

- (ii) for sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "(2) In computing the amount for the purposes of subsection (1), the deposit required under sub-section (2) of section 11 to be made with the Reserve Bank by a banking company incorporated outside India and any balances maintained in India by a banking company in current account with the Reserve Bank or the State Bank of India or with any other bank which may be notified in this behalf by the Central Government, including in the case of a scheduled bank the balance required under section 42 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, to be so maintained, 2 of 1934. shall be deemed to be cash maintained in India.";
- (iii) in sub-section (3), after the words "its time and demand liabilities", the words "in India" shall be inserted.

Amondment of section 25.

- 16. In section 25 of the principal Act,—
- (i) for sub-sections (1) and (2), the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "(1) The assets in India of every banking company at the close of business on the last Friday of every qurater or, if that Friday is a public holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, at the close of the business on the 26 of 1881. preceding working day, shall not be less than seventy-five per cent. of its demand and time liabilities in India.

(2) Every banking company shall, within one month from the end of every quarter, submit to the Reserve Bank a return in the prescribed form and manner of the assets and liabilities referred to in sub-section (1) as at the close of business on the last Friday of the previous quarter, or, if that Friday is a public holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, at the close of business on the preceding working day.";

26 of 1881.

- (ii) in sub-section (3), clause (b) shall be re-lettered as clause (c), and the following shall be inserted as clause (b), namely:—
 - '(b) "liabilities in India" shall not include the paid-up capital or the reserves or any credit balance in the profit and loss account of the banking company;'.
- 17. In section 27 of the principal Act, in sub-section (2), for the Amendment words "the classification of advances and investments of banking of section companies in respect of industry, commerce and agriculture", the words "the investments of a banking company and the classification of its advances in respect of industry, commerce and agriculture" shall be substituted.
- 18. In section 28 of the principal Act, for the words and figures Amendment "under section 27", the words "under this Act" shall be substituted. of section 28.
- 19. In section 32 of the principal Act, for sub-section (1), the Amendment of section following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

 of section 32.
 - "(1) Where a banking company in any year furnishes its accounts and balance sheet in accordance with the provisions of section 31, it shall at the same time send to the registrar three copies of such accounts and balance sheet and of the auditor's report, and where such copies are so sent, it shall not be necessary to file with the registrar, in the case of a public company, copies of the accounts and balance sheet and of the auditor's report, and, in the case of a private company, copies of the balance sheet and of the auditor's report as required by sub-section (1) of section 220 of the Companies Act, 1956; and the copies so sent shall be chargeable with the same fee and shall be dealt with in all respects as if they were filed in accordance with that section."

1 of 1956.

Amendment of section 35.

20. To section 35 of the principal Act, the following Explanation shall be added, namely:—

'Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, the expression "banking company" shall include—

- (i) in the case of a banking company incorporated outside India, all its branches in India; and
- (ii) in the case of a banking company incorporated in India—
 - (a) all its subsidiaries formed for the purpose of carrying on the business of banking exclusively outside India; and
 - (b) all its branches whether situated in India or outside India.

Amendment of section 35B.

- 21. In section 35B of the principal Act,-
- (i) in clause (a) of sub-section (1), for the words "managing or whole-time director or of a director not liable to retire by rotation", the words "managing director or any other director, whole-time or otherwise" shall be substituted;
- (ii) to sub-section (1), the following Explanation shall be added, namely:—

"Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section, any provision conferring any benefit or providing any amenity or perquisite, in whatever form, whether during or after the termination of the term of office of the manager or the chief executive officer by whatever name called or the managing director, or any other director, whole-time or otherwise, shall be deemed to be a provision relating to his remuneration.":

(iii) in sub-section (2), for the words, brackets and figures "apply to a banking company after the commencement of the Banking Companies (Amendment) Act, 1956", the following 95 of 1956 shall be substituted, namely:—

"apply to any matter in respect of which the approval of the Reserve Bank has to be obtained under sub-section (1)".

Amendment of section 36.

22. In section 36 of the principal Act, in clause (b) of sub-section (1), for the figures "45", the figures and letter "44A" shall be substituted.

23. In PART II of the principal Act, after section 36, the following Insertion of section shall be inserted, namely:-

new section 36A,

"36A. (1) The provisions of section 11, sub-section (1) of Certain provisions of the section 12, and sections 17, 18, 24 and 25 shall not apply to a Act not to banking company-

apply to certain banking companies.

- (a) which, whether before or after the commencement of the Banking Companies (Amendment) Act, been refused a licence under section 22, or prohibited from accepting fresh deposits by a compromise, arrangement or scheme sanctioned by a court or by any order made in any proceeding relating to such compromise, arrangement scheme, or prohibited from accepting deposits by virtue of any alteration made in its memorandum; or
- (b) whose licence has been cancelled under section 22, whether before or after the commencement of the Banking Companies (Amendment) Act, 1959.
- (2) Where the Reserve Bank is satisfied that any such banking company as is referred to in sub-section (1) has repaid, or has made adequate provision for repaying all deposits accepted by the banking company, either in full or to the maximum extent possible, the Reserve Bank may, by notice published in the Official Gazette, notify that the banking company has ceased to be a banking company within the meaning of this Act, and thereupon all the provisions of this Act applicable to such banking company shall cease to apply to it, except as respects things done or omitted to be done before such notice.".
- 24. Section 36A of the principal Act shall be re-numbered section 36B.

as Amendment of section 36A.

25. In section 37 of the principal Act, after sub-section (3), the Amendment of section following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:— 37.

"(4) Where the Reserve Bank is satisfied that the affairs of a banking company in respect of which an order under subsection (1) has been made, are being conducted in a manner detrimental to the interests of the depositors, it may make an application to the High Court for the winding up of the company, and where any such application is made, the High Court shall not make any order extending the period for which the commencement or continuance of all actions and proceedings against the company were stayed under that sub-section.".

Substitution tion 38.

26. For section 38 of the principal Act, the following section tion for sec. shall be substituted, namely:—

Winding up by High Court.

- "38. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 391, section 392, section 433 and section 583 of the Companies Act, 1956, but without prejudice to its powers under sub-section (1) 1 of 1956. of section 37 of this Act, the High Court shall order the winding up of a banking company—
 - (a) if the banking company is unable to pay its debts; or
 - (b) if an application for its winding up has been made by the Reserve Bank under section 37 or this section.
- (2) The Reserve Bank shall make an application under this section for the winding up of a banking company if it is directed so to do by an order under clause (b) of sub-section (4) of section 35.
- (3) The Reserve Bank may make an application under this section for the winding up of a banking company—
 - (a) if the banking company—
 - (i) has failed to comply with the requirements specified in section 11; or
 - (ii) has by reason of the provisions of section 22 become disentitled to carry on banking business in India: or
 - (iii) has been prohibited from receiving fresh deposits by an order under clause (a) of sub-section (4) of section 35 or under clause (b) of sub-section (3A) of section 42 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934; or

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- (iv) having failed to comply with any requirement of this Act other than the requirements laid down in section 11, has continued such failure, or, having contravened any provision of this Act has continued such contravention beyond such period or periods as may be specified in that behalf by the Reserve Bank from time to time, after notice in writing of such failure or contravention has been conveyed to the banking company;
- (b) if in the opinion of the Reserve Bank—
- (i) a compromise or arrangement sanctioned by a Court in respect of the banking company cannot be worked satisfactorily with or without modifications; or

- (ii) the returns, statements or information furnished to it under or in pursuance of the provisions of this Act disclose that the banking company is unable to pay its debts; or
- (iii) the continuance of the banking company is prejudicial to the interests of its depositors.

1 of 1956.

- (4) Without prejudice to the provisions contained in section 434 of the Companies Act, 1956, a banking company shall be deemed to be unable to pay its debts if it has refused to meet any lawful demand made at any of its offices or branches within two working days, if such demand is made at a place where there is an office, branch or agency of the Reserve Bank, or within five working days, if such demand is made elsewhere, and if the Reserve Bank certifies in writing that the banking company is unable to pay its debts.
- (5) A copy of every application made by the Reserve Bank under sub-section (1) shall be sent by the Reserve Bank to the registrar.".
- 27. In section 39 of the principal Act, for the words and figures Amendment "in section 448", the words and figures "in section 448 or section 449" of section shall be substituted.
- 28. After section 39 of the principal Act, the following section Insertion of shall be inserted, namely:—

 28. After section 39 of the principal Act, the following section Insertion of new section 39A.

1 of 1956.

- '39A. (1) All the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, Application relating to a liquidator, in so far as they are not inconsistent of Companies Act to with this Act, shall apply to or in relation to a liquidator liquidators, appointed under section 38A or section 39.
- (2) Any reference to the "official liquidator" in this Part and Part IIIA shall be construed as including a reference to any liquidator of a banking company.'.
- 29. In section 43A of the principal Act, in sub-section (1), after Amendment the words "have been made,", the words "or adequate provision to of section the satisfaction of the High Court for such payments has been made," shall be inserted.

Substitution tion 44.

30. For section 44 of the principal Act, the following section of new section for section for

Powers High Court in voluntary winding up.

"44. (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in section 484 of the Companies Act, 1956, no banking com- 1 of 1955. pany may be voluntarily wound up unless the Reserve Bank certifies in writing that the company is able to pay in full all its debts to its creditors as they accrue.

- (2) The High Court may, in any case where a banking company is being wound up voluntarily, make an order that the voluntary winding up shall continue, but subject to the supervision of the court.
- (3) Without prejudice to the provisions contained in sections 441 and 521 of the Companies Act, 1956, the High Court I cf 1956. may of its own motion and shall on the application of the Reserve Bank, order the winding up of a banking company by the High Court in any of the following cases, namely:-
 - (a) where the banking company is being wound up voluntarily and at any stage during the voluntary winding up proceedings the company is not able to meet its debts as they accrue, or
 - (b) where the banking company is being wound up voluntarily or is being wound up subject to the supervision of the court and the High Court is satisfied that the voluntary winding up or winding up subject to the supervision of the court cannot be continued without detriment to the interests of the depositors.

Omission of section 45K. 31. Section 45K of the principal Act shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 450.

32. In section 450 of the principal Act, in sub-section (2), after the words "accrual of such claims", the words "or five years from the date of the first appointment of the liquidator, whichever is longer" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 46.

- 33. In section 46 of the principal Act,—
- (i) in sub-section (2), for the words "five hundred rupees". the words "two thousand rupees" and for the words "fifty rupees", the words "one hundred rupees" shall be substituted;

- (ii) for sub-section (4), the following sub-section shall be **substituted**, namely:—
 - "(4) If any other provision of this Act is contravened or if any default is made in complying with any requirement of this Act or of any order, rule or direction made or condition imposed thereunder, every director, liquidator and other officer of the company and any other person who is knowingly a party to the contravention or default shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees, and where a contravention or default is a continuing one, with a further fine which may extend to one hundred rupees for everyday during which such contravention or default continues.";
 - (iii) sub-section (5) shall be omitted.
- 34. In section 49 of the principal Act, for the words, figures, Amendment brackets and letters "sections 90, 165 and 255, clauses (a) and (b) of of section sub-section (1) of section 293 and sections 300 and 416 of the Companies Act, 1956", the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"sections 90, 165, 182, 204 and 255, clauses (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of section 293 and sections 300, 384 and 416 of the I of 1956. Companies Act, 1956".

> 35. After section 49 of the principal Act, the following sections Insertion of new sections shall be inserted, namely:—

49A, 49B and 49C. ance of

"49A. No person other than a banking company, the Reserve Restriction Bank, the State Bank of India or any other banking institution on acceptnotified by the Central Government in this behalf shall accept deposits from the public deposits of money withdrawable by cheque:

withdrawable by choque.

Provided that nothing contained in this section shall apply to any savings bank scheme run by the Government.

49B. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 21 of Change of not name by a the Companies Act, 1956, the Central Government shall signify its approval to the change of name of any banking com-company. pany unless the Reserve Bank certifies in writing that it has no objection to such change.

49C. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Companies Alteration of Act, 1956, no application for the confirmation of the alteration of memorandum of a banking the memorandum of a banking company shall be maintainable company. unless the Reserve Bank certifies that there is no objection to such alteration.".

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Amen/lment of India Act,

1934.

- 36. In section 42 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, in the 2 of 1934. of section 42 Explanation to sub-section (1), for clause (c), the following clause serve B nk shall be substituted, namely:—
 - '(c) "liabilities" shall not include the paid-up capital or the reserves or any credit balance in the profit and loss account of the bank or the amount of any loan taken from the Bank from the Refinance Corporation for Industry (Private) Limited, or from the State Bank or from any other bank notified by the Central Government in this behalf.'.

G. R. RAJAGOPAUL, Secv.